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SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRF Multifluid

The safety data sheet is in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Date issued 17.01.2023

1.1. Product identifier

Product name PRF Multifluid
Article no. PIMULT52

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance / mixture Lubricant

Main intended use PC-TEC-11 Lubricants, greases, release agents

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name Taerosol Oy
Postal address Hampuntie 21

Postcode 36220

City Kangasala

Country Finland

Telephone number +358 33565600
Website www.taerosol.com

Enterprise No. 02847686

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Telephone number: 112 / Finnish Poison Information Center: 0800 147 111, 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP / GHS] Aerosol 1; H222,H229

Skin Irrit. 2; H315

Eye Irrit. 2; H319

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	STOT SE 3; H336
	Aquatic Chronic 2; H411
Substance / mixture hazardous properties	May explode if heated Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Additional information on classification	For the full text of the statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms (CLP)







Composition on the label

Propan-2-ol, Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, Hydrocarbons,

C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50

°C / 122°F.

2.3. Other hazards

PBT / vPvB	See section 12.5
Health effect	See section 11.2

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Substance	Identification	Classification	Contents	Notes
Oil		Asp. Tox. 1; H304 EUH 066	< 10 %	
Propan-2-ol	CAS No.: 67-63-0 EC No.: 200-661-7 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336	< 15 %	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119475515-33-xxxx	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Skin Irrit. 2; H315	< 15 %	

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cyclic STOT SE 3; H336 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, EC No.: 921-024-6 Flam. Liq. 2; H225 < 15 % n-alkanes, isoalkanes, REACH Reg. No.: Asp. Tox. 1; H304 cyclic, <5% n-hexane 01-2119475514-35-XXXX Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 Substance comments Aerosol propellants: Propane Butane Isobutane For the full text of the statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General symptoms and effects

Skin irritation Eye irritation Drowsiness Dizziness Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical treatment Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Improper extinguishing media	Water spray

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire and explosion hazards	May explode if heated Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon dioxide (CO2) Carbon monoxide (CO)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Personal protective equipment	In accordance with the requirements of EN 469, firefighter's clothing with a
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	helmet, protective boots and gloves provides a basic level of protection against chemical accidents. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. See section 8.2
Fire fighting procedures	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	Use personal protective equipment. See section 8.2 Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Evacuate area.
For emergency responders	Use personal protective equipment. See section 8.2

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautionary	Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Avoid release
measures	to the environment. Collect spillage.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Pay attention to the spreading of gases especially at ground level (heavier than air) and to the direction of the wind.
Clean up	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Non-sparking tools should be used.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Other instructions	See section 7, 8, 13
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling	Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing vapours/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing. Wear eye
	protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage	Remove all sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly
	acid or alkaline materials. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	Ground / bond container and receiving equipment. Protect from sunlight. Do not
	expose to temperatures exceeding 50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ /122 $^{\circ}\text{F}.$ Keep away from food, drink and
	animal feedingstuffs. Keep only in original container. Store in a well-ventilated

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place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) None known.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Substance	Identification	Exposure limits	TWA Year
Oil		Recommended monitoring procedures: This information is not available. Comments: This information is not available.	
Propan-2-ol	CAS No.: 67-63-0	Country of origin: FI Limit value (8 h): 200 ppm Limit value (8 h): 500 mg/ m³ Limit value (short term) Value: 250 ppm Limit value (short term) Value: 620 mg/m³ Limit value (short term) Appraisal period: 15 min Recommended monitoring procedures: This information is not available. Source: Decree of the Ministry of Social Affairs and Health on concentrations known to be harmful (654/2020)	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic		Recommended monitoring procedures: This information is not available. Comments: This information is not available.	
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane		Country of origin: FI Limit value (8 h): 500 mg/ m³ Recommended monitoring procedures: This information is not available. Source: Decree of the Ministry of Social Affairs and Health on concentrations known to be harmful (654/2020) Comments: Solvent naphtha, group 1	

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DNEL / PNEC

Substance Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic

DNEL **Group:** Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 2085 mg/m³

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic)

Value: 300 mg/kg bw/day

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 447 mg/m³

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic)

Value: 149 mg/kg bw/day

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term oral (systemic)

Value: 149 mg/kg bw/day

Substance Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane

DNEL Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic)

Value: 733 mg/kg bw/day

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 2035 mg/m³
Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic)

Value: 699 mg/kg bw/day

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 608 mg/m³ Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term oral (systemic)

Value: 699 mg/kg bw/day

8.2. Exposure controls

Precautionary measures to prevent exposure

Appropriate engineering controls See section 7.1, 7.2

Eye / face protection

Eye protection equipment

Description: Tightly fitting safety goggles Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the

specific work-place.

Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 4007:2018

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SFS-EN ISO 16321-1:2022 SFS-EN ISO 18526-1:2020 SFS-EN ISO 16321-3:2022 SFS-EN ISO 16321-2:2021 SFS-EN ISO 18526-3:2020 SFS-EN ISO 18526-2:2020 SFS-EN ISO 18526-4:2020 SFS-EN ISO 19734:2021 SFS-EN 13911:2017 SFS-EN 16473 SFS-EN 167 SFS-EN 168 SFS-EN 443

Hand protection

Breakthrough time Comments: As the product is a mixture of several substances, the durability of

the glove materials cannot be calculated in advance and has to be tested before use. Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any

indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Thickness of glove material Comments: As the product is a mixture of several substances, the durability of

the glove materials cannot be calculated in advance and has to be tested before

use.

Hand protection equipment Description: Protective gloves Choose body protection in relation to its type, to

the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. It is good practice in industrial hygiene to avoid contact with solvents

by using appropriate protective measures whenever possible.

Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 374-1:2017

SFS-EN ISO 374-5:2017

SFS-EN 511

SFS-EN 659 + A1

SFS-EN 1082-1

SFS-EN 1082-2

SFS-EN 1082-3

SFS-EN 14325:2018

SFS-EN 16350

Skin protection

Recommended protective clothing

Description: Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. It is good practice in industrial hygiene to avoid contact with solvents by using appropriate protective measures whenever possible.

Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN 863

SFS-EN 1149-2

SFS-EN 1149-3

SFS-EN 13034 + A1

SFS-EN 16689:2017

SFS-EN ISO 6530

CEN ISO/TR 11610

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SFS-EN ISO 11612 SFS-EN ISO 13688 SFS-EN ISO 13982-1 SFS-EN ISO 13982-2 SFS-EN ISO 13995 SFS-EN ISO 13997 SFS-EN ISO 14116 SFS-EN 15090 CEN ISO/TR 18690

Respiratory protection

Recommended respiratory protection

Description: Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. Use respirator when performing operations involving potential exposure to vapour of the product. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 16972:2020

SFS-EN 13274-1

SFS-EN 148-1:2019

SFS-EN 144-1:2018

SFS-EN 14593-1:2018

SFS-EN 1146

SFS-EN 12021

SFS-EN 12083 + AC

SFS-EN 12941 + A1 + A2

SFS-EN 12942 + A1 + A2

SFS-EN 13274-2:2019

SFS-EN 13274-4:2020

SFS-EN 13274-5

SFS-EN 13274-6

SFS-EN 13274-3

SFS-EN 13274-8

SFS-EN 13274-5

SFS-EN 13274-7:2019

SFS-EN 134

SFS-EN 135

SFS-EN 136 + AC

SFS-EN 137

SFS-EN 13794

SFS-EN 138

SFS-EN 140 + AC

SFS-EN 142

SFS-EN 143:2021

SFS-EN 14387:2021

SFS-EN 144-3 + AC

SFS-EN 144-2:2018

SFS-EN 14435

SFS-EN 145/A1

SFS-EN 145

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SFS-EN 14529 SFS-EN 14594:2018 SFS-EN 148-2 SFS-EN 148-3 SFS-EN 15333-2 SFS-EN 1825-2 SFS-EN 1827 + A1 SFS-EN 250 SFS-EN 269 SFS-EN 402 SFS-EN 403 SFS-EN 404 SFS-EN 405 + A1 SFS-EN 529

Thermal hazards

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

Appropriate environmental exposure control

Environmental exposure controls See section 6.2

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Aerosol dispenser: spray aerosol
brown
hydrocarbon-like
Reason for waiving data: No data.
Comments: This information is not available.
Reason for waiving data: No data.
Reason for waiving data: No data.
Reason for waiving data: Not applicable
Not applicable.
Reason for waiving data: No data.
Reason for waiving data: No data.
Reason for waiving data: No data.
Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

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Solubility Comments: This information is not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

Reason for waiving data: No data.

Decomposition temperature Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

Viscosity Type: Kinematic

Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

9.2. Other information

Auto-ignition temperature

Other physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties
This information is not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See section 5.2

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions See section 5.2

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid See section 7.1, 7.2

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid See section 7.1, 7.2

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products

See section 5.2

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Substance Propan-2-ol

Acute toxicity Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Oral Value: > 2000 mg/kg Animal test species: Rat

Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Dermal

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Value: > 2000 mg/kg Animal test species: Rabbit

Effect tested: LC50

Route of exposure: Inhalation.

Duration: 8 hour(s) **Value:** > 20 mg/l **Animal test species:** Rat

Substance Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic

Acute toxicity Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Oral

Value: > 5840 mg/kg

Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Dermal

Animal test species: Rat

Method: OECD 402 Value: > 2920 mg/kg Animal test species: Rat

Effect tested: LC50

Route of exposure: Inhalation.

Method: OECD 403 Duration: 4 hour(s) Value: > 23,3 mg/l Animal test species: Rat

Substance Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane

Acute toxicity Effect tested: LC50

Route of exposure: Inhalation.

Duration: 4 hour(s) **Value:** > 25,2 mg/l **Animal test species:** Rat

Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Dermal Value: > 2920 mg/kg

Other information regarding health hazards

Assessment of acute toxicity, classification

Assessment of skin corrosion /

irritation, classification

Assessment of eye damage or irritation, classification

Assessment of respiratory sensitisation, classification

Assessment of skin sensitisation, classification

Assessment of germ cell mutagenicity, classification

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritating to skin.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Assessment of carcinogenicity, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. classification Assessment of reproductive Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. toxicity, classification Assessment of specific target May cause drowsiness or dizziness. organ toxicity - single exposure, classification Assessment of specific target Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. organ toxicity - repeated exposure, classification Assessment of aspiration hazard, Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage. classification

Symptoms of exposure

In case of ingestion	See section 4.2
In case of skin contact	See section 4.2
In case of inhalation	See section 4.2
In case of eye contact	See section 4.2

11.2 Other information

Endocrine disruption This information is not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Substance	Propan-2-ol
Aquatic toxicity, fish	Toxicity type: Acute Value: 6550 - 11300 mg/l Effect dose concentration: LC50 Test duration: 96 hour(s)
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Aquatic toxicity, fish	Toxicity type: Acute Value: 13,4 mg/l Effect dose concentration: LL50 Method: WAF (OECD 203) Toxicity type: Chronic Value: 1,53 mg/l Effect dose concentration: NOELR Test duration: 28 day(s) Species: Early-life Stage Method: QSAR
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane
Aquatic toxicity, fish	Toxicity type: Acute Value: 11,4 mg/l Effect dose concentration: LL50

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Test duration: 96 hour(s) Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Substance Propan-2-ol Aquatic toxicity, algae Toxicity type: Acute Value: > 1000 mg/l Effect dose concentration: EC50 Test duration: 72 hour(s) Substance Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic Aquatic toxicity, algae Toxicity type: Acute Value: 10 - 30 mg/l Effect dose concentration: EL50 Test duration: 72 hour(s) Method: WAF (OECD 201, EU Method C.3) Toxicity type: Acute Value: 10 mg/l Effect dose concentration: NOELR Test duration: 72 hour(s) Method: WAF (OECD 201, EU Method C.3) Substance Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane Aquatic toxicity, algae Toxicity type: Acute Value: 3 mg/l Effect dose concentration: NOELR Test duration: 72 hour(s) Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Toxicity type: Acute Value: 30 - 100 mg/l Effect dose concentration: EL50 Test duration: 72 hour(s) Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Substance Propan-2-ol Aquatic toxicity, crustacean Toxicity type: Acute **Value:** ~ 9700 mg/l Effect dose concentration: EC50 Test duration: 24 hour(s) Species: Daphnia magna Substance Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic Aquatic toxicity, crustacean Toxicity type: Acute Value: 3 mg/l Effect dose concentration: EL50 Test duration: 48 hour(s) Method: WAF (OECD 202, EU Method C.2) Toxicity type: Chronic Value: 1 mg/l Effect dose concentration: NOELR Test duration: 21 day(s) Method: WAF (OECD 211)

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Toxicity type: Chronic **Value:** 0,17 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: NOEC

Test duration: 21 day(s) **Method:** WAF (OECD 211)

Toxicity type: Chronic **Value:** 0,32 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: LOEC

Test duration: 21 day(s) **Method:** WAF (OECD 211)

Substance Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane

Aquatic toxicity, crustacean

Toxicity type: Acute
Value: 3 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: EL50 Test duration: 48 hour(s) Species: Daphnia magna

Toxicity type: Acute **Value:** 0,17 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: NOEC Test duration: 504 hour(s) Species: Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substance	Propan-2-ol
Biodegradability	Comments: Readily biodegradable
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Biodegradability	Method: OECD 301 F, EU Method C.4-D Comments: Rapidly biodegradable.
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <5% n-hexane
Biodegradability	Value: 81 % Test period: 28 day(s)
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Abiotic degradation in air	Evaluation: May decompose on exposure to light.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation, evaluation	This information is not available.
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12.4. Mobility in soil

Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Surface tension	Value: 22 mN/m Test reference: Wilhelmy plate method Temperature: 25 °C
Substance	Propan-2-ol

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Water / air volatility rate	Comments: Volatile.
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Water / air volatility rate	Comments: Volatile.
Substance	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic
Soil / air volatility rate	Comments: Volatile.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB	This information is not available.
assessment	

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties	This information is not available.
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12.7. Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information	This information is not available.
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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Appropriate methods of disposal for the chemical	Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal. Avoid putting the substance into waste water.
Appropriate methods of disposal for the contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
EU Regulations	Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste and repealing certain Directives

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR/RID/ADN	1950
IMDG	1950
ICAO/IATA	1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipp ADR/RID/AD	oing name English DN	AEROSOLS
ADR/RID/AD	N	AEROSOLS
IMDG		AEROSOLS
ICAO/IATA		AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

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ADR/RID/ADN	2.1
Classification code ADR/RID/ADN	5F

14.4. Packing group

Comments

14.5. Environmental hazards

Comments	Yes
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14.6. Special precautions for user

Special safety precautions for user
This information is not available.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Product name	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE
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Additional information

Hazard label ADR/RID/ADN	2.1
Hazard label IMDG	2.1
Hazard label ICAO/IATA	2.1

ADR/RID Other information

Tunnel restriction code	D
Limited quantity	1L
Excepted quantity	E0
Special provisions	190 327 344 625
Transport category	2

ADN Other information

Special provisions	190 327 344 625
Limited quantity	1L
Excepted quantity	E0

IMDG Other information

EmS	F-D, S-U
Limited quantity	1000 mL
Excepted quantity	E0
Special provisions	63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

ICAO/IATA Other information

Limited quantity	30 kg
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Excepted quantity E0

Special provisions A145 A165 A802

Additional information ICAO/IATA Cargo: max. 150 kg (203), Pas.: max. 75 kg (203)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Legislation and regulations Council Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member

> States relating to aerosol dispensers The rules which cover amongst other things the requirement for ventilation, protective clothing, personal protective equipment etc. can be obtained from the National Occupational Health and Safety Board.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment

performed

No

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H-phrases (Section EUH 066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2 and 3) H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

> H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

CLP classification, notes Calculation method.

Bridging principle "Aerosols"

Training advice Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators. Take notice

of the directions of use on the label. To avoid risks to man and the environment,

comply with the instructions for use.

Key literature references and

sources for data

Information taken from reference works and the literature.

http://echa.europa.eu

http://eur-lex.europa.eu

http://echa-term.echa.europa.eu Ingredient Safety Data Sheets

Abbreviations and acronyms used

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging

DMEL = derived minimal effect level

DNEL = derived no-effect level

EC50 = The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the

maximum response.

ECHA = European Chemicals Agency

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EEA = European Economic Area

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E c c s t t	EU = European Union EC number = The three European lists of substances from the previous EU chemicals regulatory framework, EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list, in combination are called the EC Inventory. The EC Inventory is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the European Union. GHS = Global Harmonised System SDS = safety data sheet LC50 = median lethal concentration LDx = lethal dose x% LOAEC = lowest observed adverse effect concentration LOAEL = lowest observed adverse effect level
	LOEC = lowest observed effect concentration LOEL = lowest observed effect level NOAEC = no observed adverse effect concentration NOAEL = no observed adverse effect level NOEC = no observed effect concentration NOEL = no observed effect level PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC = predicted no-effect concentration ppm = parts per million QSAR = quantitative structure-activity relationship REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals STOT = specific target organ toxicity UFI = unique formula identifier vPvB = very persistent and very bioaccumulative
	Relevant changes compared to the previous version of the safety data sheet are indicated with verticle lines in the left margin.
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